## stryker

# Hoffmann RF Circular External Fixation

## **Operative technique**





## Hoffmann LRF Circular External Fixation

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This publication sets forth detailed recommended procedures for using Stryker devices and instruments. It offers guidance that you should heed, but, as with any such technical guide, each surgeon must consider the particular needs of each patient and make appropriate adjustments when and as required.

A workshop training is recommended prior to performing your first surgery.

#### WARNING

Follow the instructions provided in our cleaning and sterilization guide (OT-RG-1). All non-sterile devices must be cleaned and sterilized before use.

#### WARNING

Multicomponent instruments must be disassembled for cleaning. Please refer to the corresponding assembly/ disassembly instructions.

Please remember that the compatibility of different product systems has not been tested unless specified otherwise in the product labeling.

Consult Instructions for Use (www.ifu.stryker.com) for a complete list of potential adverse effects, contraindications, warnings and precautions.

#### WARNING

- The surgeon must warn patients of surgical risks, and make them aware of possible adverse effects.
- The patient should be warned that the device cannot and does not replicate a normal healthy bone, that the device can break or become damaged as a result of strenuous activity or trauma, malunion or nonunion.
- The surgeon must warn the patient that the device has a finite expected service life and may need to be removed at some time in the future.

#### NOTICE

For a complete overview of the entire Hoffmann LRF System, it is recommended that the user also references the Hoffmann LRF Gradual Correction operative technique (H-ST-2), Hoffmann LRF bone transport operative technique (H-ST-31), the Hoffmann LRF Hexapod operative technique (H-ST-34) the Patient Guide for External Fixation (H-PG-1), the Hoffmann LRF Hexapod Hole Offset Guide (H-ADI-1), and the Hoffmann LRF Web Application user manual (H-IFU-2).

## Indications & contraindications

#### Indications for use (Europe and other countries)

The Hoffmann LRF System is indicated in (upper and lower) extremities for the treatment and fixation of:

- Open and closed Fractures.
- Post-traumatic joint contracture which has resulted in loss of range of motion.
- Fractures and disease which generally may result in joint contractures or loss of range of motion and fractures requiring distraction.
- Pseudoarthrosis or non-union of long bones.
- Limb lengthening by epiphyseal or metaphyseal distraction.
- Correction of bony or soft tissue deformity.
- Correction of segmental bony or soft tissue defects.
- Joint arthrodesis.
- Bone transport.
- Osteotomy.
- Revision procedure where other treatments or devices have been unsuccessful.
- Bone reconstruction procedures.
- Foot Fusion.
- Charcot foot reconstruction.
- Lisfranc dislocations.

#### Indications for use (United States and Canada)

The Hoffmann LRF System is indicated in pediatric patients and adults for the treatment and fixation of:

- Open and closed fractures
- Post-traumatic joint contracture which has resultedin loss of range of motion
- Fractures and disease which generally may result in joint contractures or loss of range of motion and fractures requiring distraction
- Pseudoarthrosis or non-union of long bones
- Limb lengthening by epiphyseal, diaphyseal, or metaphyseal distraction

#### **Contraindications**

Since external fixation devices are often used in emergency situations to treat patients with acute injuries, there are no absolute contraindications for use. The surgeon's education, training and professional judgment must be relied upon to choose the most appropriate device and treatment for each individual patient. Whenever possible, the device chosen should be of a type indicated for the fracture being treated and/or for the procedure being utilized.

## Conditions presenting an increased risk of failure include:

- Insufficient quantity or quality of bone which would inhibit appropriate fixation of the device.
- Compromised vascularity that would inhibit adequate blood supply to the fracture or operative site.
- Previous history of infections.
- Any neuromuscular deficit which could interfere with the patient's ability to limit weight bearing.
- Any neuromuscular deficit which places an unusually heavy load on the device during the healing period.
- Malignancy in the fracture area.
- Mental, physical or neurological conditions which may impair the patient's ability to cooperate with the postoperative regimen.
- Correction of bony or soft tissue deformity
- Correction of segmental bony or soft tissue defects
- Joint arthrodesis
- Management of communicated intra-articular fractures of the distal radius
- Bone transport

The Hoffmann LRF System is indicated in adults for:

- Osteotomy
- Revision procedure where other treatments or devices have been unsuccessful
- Bone reconstruction procedures
- Fusions and replantations of the foot
- Charcot foot reconstruction
- Lisfranc dislocations

## Indications & contraindications

#### Precautions

#### Information for patient.

#### 

Surgeons must instruct the patients to report any unusual changes of the operated site to their physician. Surgeon should immediately evaluate the patient if a change at the fracture site has been detected. The surgeon should evaluate the possibility of subsequent clinical failure, and discuss with the patient the need for reduced activity levels, and / or possible revision surgery in order to aid fracture healing.

#### 

The surgeon should discuss all physical and psychological limitations inherent in the use of external fracture fixation appliances with the patient. Particular attention should be given to premature weight bearing, activity levels and the necessity for periodic medical follow-up.

#### 🔨 WARNING 🛛 😣

The Hoffmann LRF System is MR Unsafe.

#### WARNING

Single use devices cannot be reused, as they are not designed to perform as intended after the first usage. Mechanical, physical or chemical properties may be compromised after first usage. In this case, the safety and performance of the devices is not supported by the manufacturer, compliance to relevant specifications cannot be ensured. External fixator devices have been designed for single patient use. Reuse of single-use external fixators may lead to reduced biomechanical properties and/or fatigue breakage of the devices. Do not reuse single-use external fixator components. Please refer to the device label to identify single or multiple use and / or re-sterilization release.

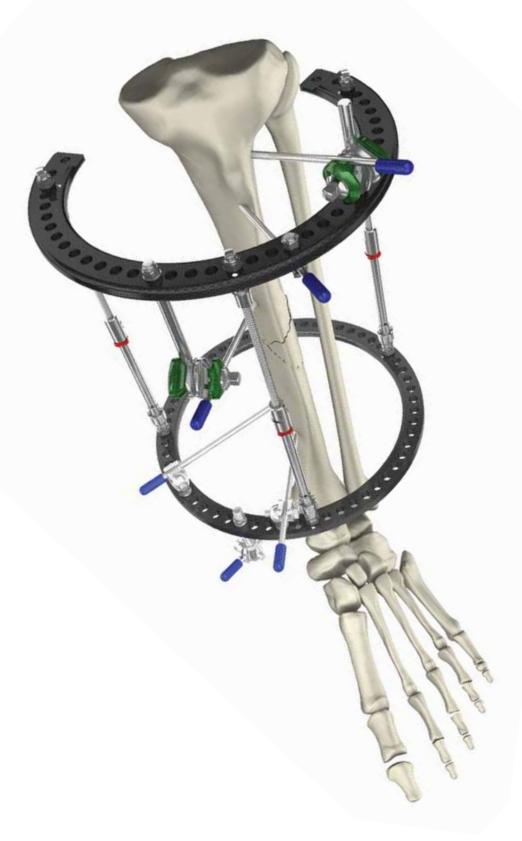
## Introduction

The typical LRF construct features two or more rings bridged by three to four telescopic struts with multiplanar, ball jointed fixation bolts. Once applied, the LRF can be unlocked for gross frame adjustment and fracture reduction. The LRF can be finely adjusted to aid in limb alignment and definitively locked to hold compression and reduction.

If deemed appropriate, the LRF Telescopic Struts can provide up to 5mm of controlled dynamization.

#### Compatibility

The Hoffmann LRF is mechanically compatible with Hoffmann II, Hoffmann II MRI and Hoffmann 3 Modular Fixation.



Hoffmann LRF Circular External Fixation | Operative technique

# Key components

#### Rings

- Available in aluminum and radiolucent carbon fiber reinforced polymer
- Full, open, segment, and short and long foot ring options

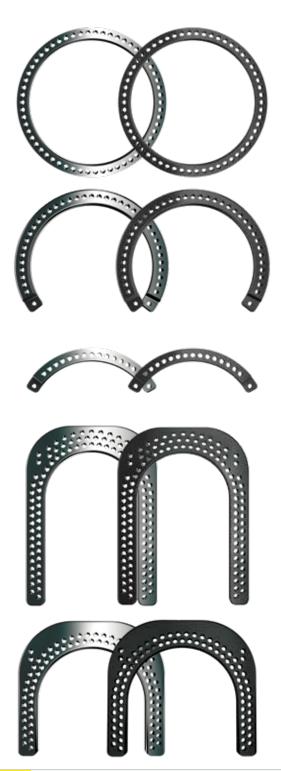
Use connection bolt (4933-1-702) with M6 nut (4933-1-701) to connect open ring to ring segment



#### NOTICE

- Indicates suggested placement location when four struts are used in construct
- Indicates suggested placement location when three struts are used in construct





#### 

To maintain intended performance, carbon fiber rings should not be re-sterilized beyond (50) autoclave cycles.

#### Ring types

#### Diameter

Full ring (Aluminum) Ø80mm Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm Ø240mm Ø270mm

#### Diameter

Open ring (Aluminum) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm Ø240mm

#### Diameter

Ring segment (Aluminum) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm Ø240mm

#### Diameter

Foot ring, long (Aluminum) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm

#### Diameter

Foot ring, short (Aluminum) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm

#### Diameter

Full ring (Carbon) Ø80mm Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm

#### Diameter

Open ring (Carbon) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm

#### Diameter

Ring segment (Carbon) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm

#### Diameter

Foot ring, long (Carbon) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm

#### Diameter

Foot ring, short (Carbon) Ø100mm Ø120mm Ø140mm Ø155mm Ø180mm Ø210mm

#### **Foot arches**

- Radiolucent carbon fiber reinforced polymer
- Fully assembled design with builtin hinged connection bolts allow for angular adjustment
- Provides weight-bearing support when linked to tibial ring
- Available in 100, 120, 140, 155, 180 and 210mm diameters



Foot arches are attached to rings using the M8 connection nuts (4933-1-010).

To ensure easy application, assemble foot arches on rings prior to tensioning wires.

If both rocker shoes and foot arches are used, take caution not to occupy the holes required for rocker shoe attachment

#### 

To maintain intended performance, carbon fiber rings should not be re-sterilized beyond (50) autoclave cycles.





#### **Rocker shoes**

- Independent shoe design allows side-specific height adjustment to compensate for angled distal foot ring
- Anterior and posterior shoe ends feature a 15° slope
- Treaded rubber sole helps improve traction during ambulation
- Available in 6 sizes
- Dedicated posterior Rocker Shoe mounting holes

#### 

Rocker shoes are not offered sterile and must be applied postoperatively.



Encourage patients to use

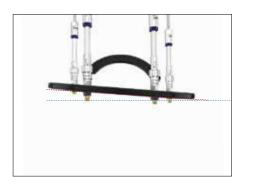
caution when walking on

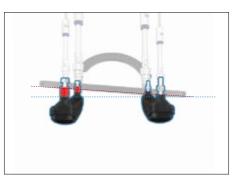
wet or slippery surfaces.

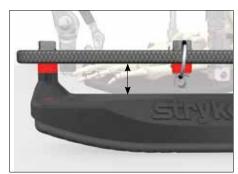


#### **NOTICE** Rocker shoes are attached to rings using the M6 connection nuts (4933-1-701).

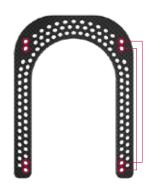






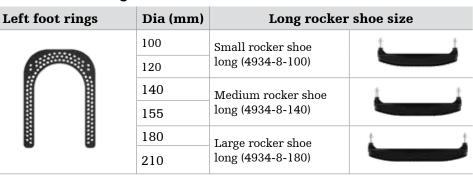


Max Clearance = 23mm (incl. Washer Red 7mm)



**CAUTION** If rocker shoes are indicated, do not occupy dedicated mounting holes with other frame components. On open end of the foot ring, rocker shoes mount on inner row of holes.

#### Rocker shoe sizing



Short foot rings	Dia (mm)	Short rocke	r shoe size
	100	Small rocker shoe	1 1
	120	long (4934-7-100)	
	140	Medium rocker shoe	1 1
	155	long (4934-7-140)	
	180	Large rocker shoe long (4934-7-180)	
	210		

#### Wire bolt

- Built-in grooved stainless steel washer
- Cannulated wire bolt head reduces overall component weight and accepts counter-torque wire bolt Wrench for one-handed tightening
- Accepts 1.5, 1.8, & 2.0mm wires
- Available in short, medium and long sizes
- Chamfer on wire bolt head indicates slot location

#### NOTICE

Use only medium and long wire bolts when inserted directly into carbon fiber rings.

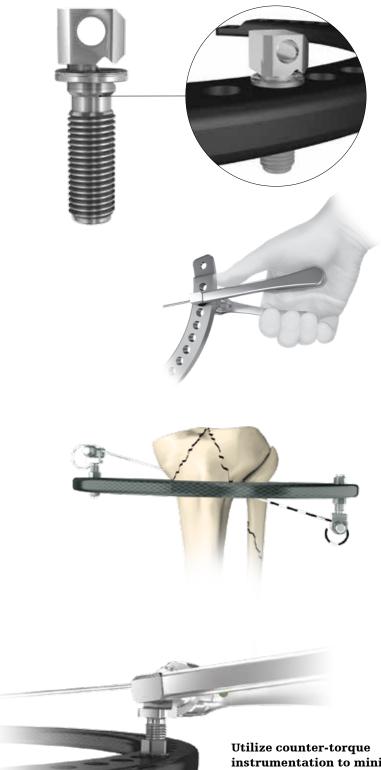
#### Wire bolt adaptor

- Used in conjunction with wire bolts to capture obliquely inserted wires or wires placed above or below ring surface
- Available in long and short versions



#### NOTICE

Wire bolts and wire bolt adaptors are attached to rings using the M8 connecting nuts (4933-1-010).



instrumentation to minimize wire bending during final tightening.

#### Apex pin adaptor

- Available in long and short versions
- One-piece design compatible with 3/4/5/6mm apex pins
- Adjustable for multiplanar fixation options



#### Apex pin bolt

- One-piece design compatible with 3/4/5/6mm apex pins
- Designed to connect apex pins directly parallel to ring

#### 

Apex pin adaptors and apex pin bolts should only be provisionally tightened around the soft tissue protection sleeve with thumbwheel. If spanner wrenches are used, the sleeve may deform if over tightened.

#### NOTICE

Apex pin adaptors and apex pin bolts are attached to rings using the M8 connecting nuts (4933-1-010).



Spring-loaded clamp allows snapfit retention of pins

Interdigitating counter-torque serrations mechanically lock desired pin placement

Built-in hex nut provides counter-torque wrench access for tightening assistance

Built-in retention clip allows for provisional snapfit connection to rings without nuts



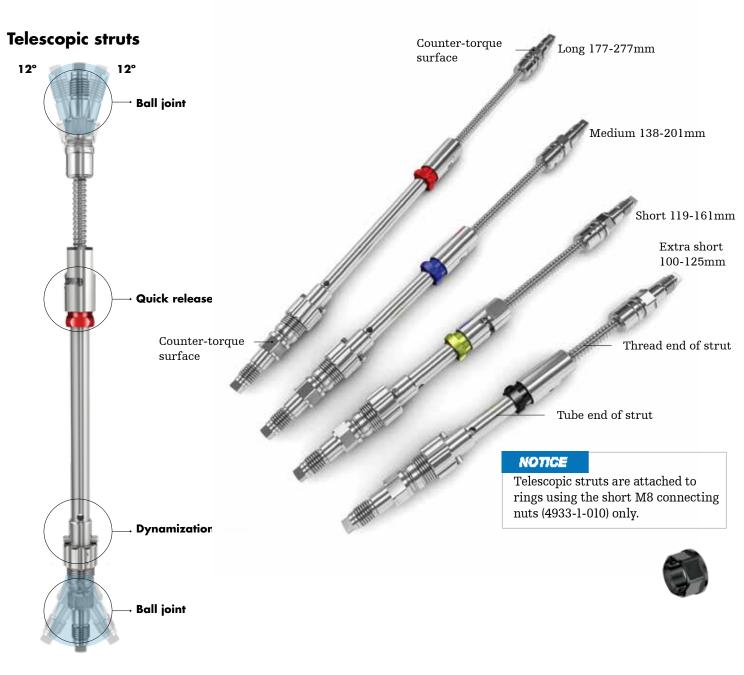
#### **Connecting nut (M8)**

- Built-in washer provides more surface area to contact ring
- Long connecting nut available for wrench access when components are placed side by side on rings









#### Telescopic strut cleaning

- Completely unscrew colored safety nut
- Flush quick release mechanism with water
- After cleaning, lubricate the threads of the colored safety nut and screw the colored safety nut back up to the groove



#### Telescopic struts: fracture reduction

Once mounted, the LRF can be unlocked and used as a fracture reduction tool. Once proper gross alignment is achieved, fine tuning can ensue followed by final locking. In addition to the quick release mechanisms, all ball joints must be unlocked to achieve full range of motion.





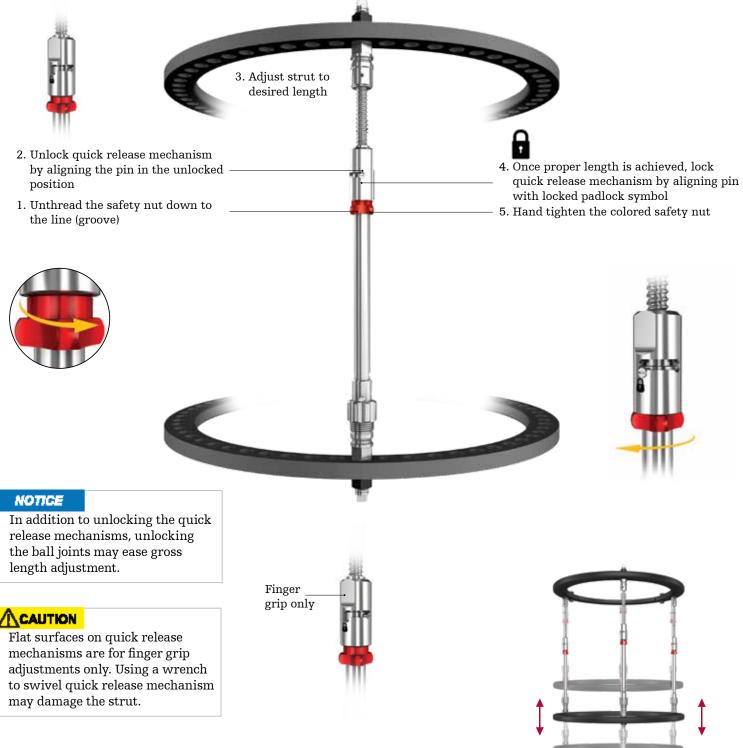
Before

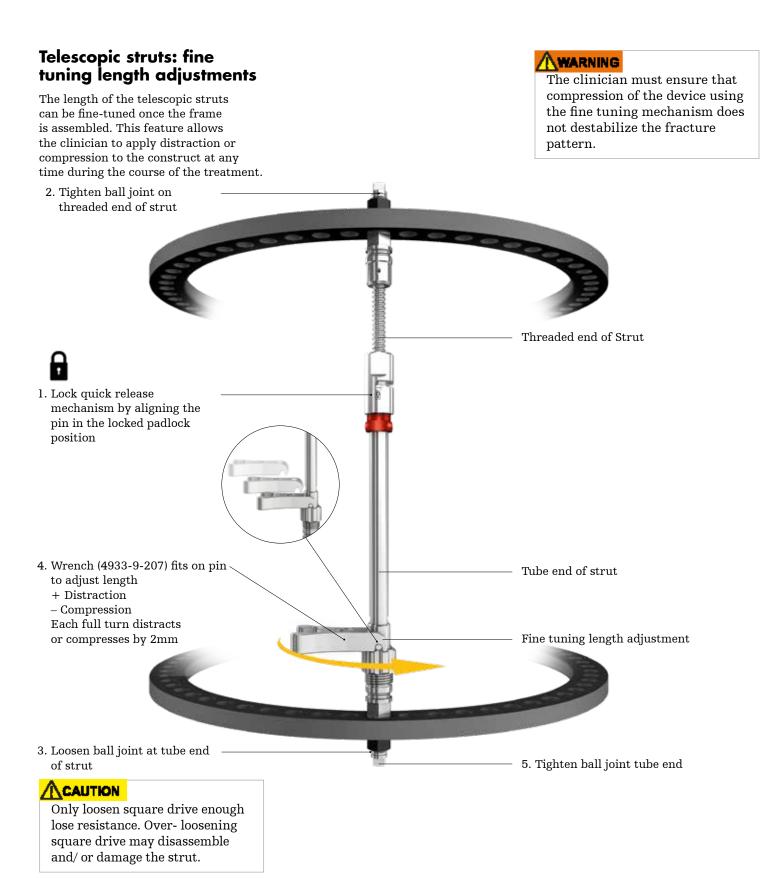
After

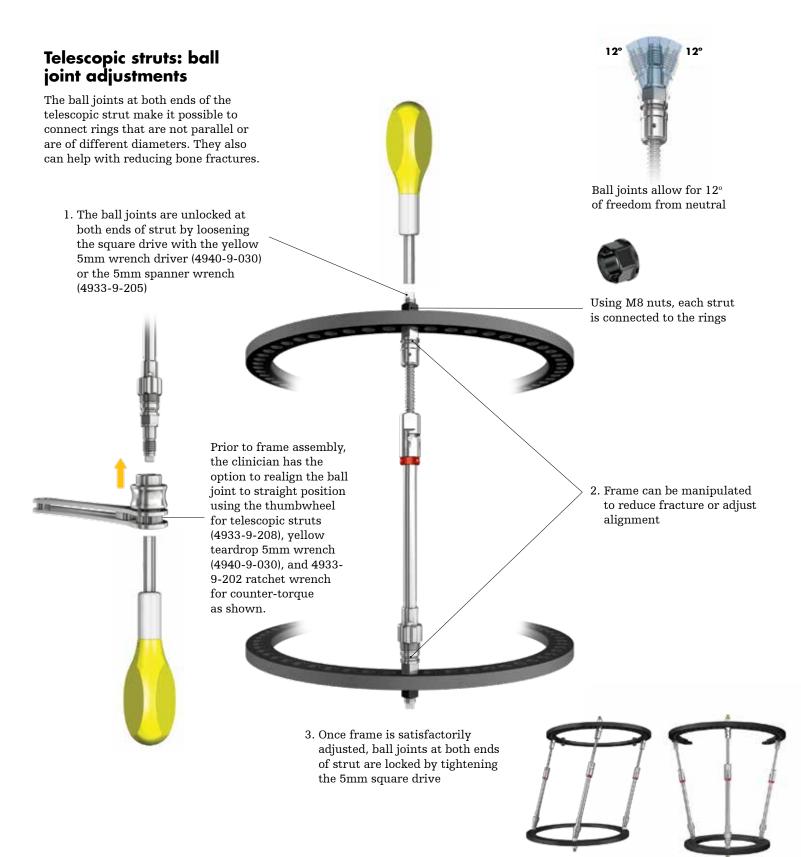


#### Telescopic struts: gross length adjustment

The length of the telescopic strut can be easily adjusted to fit between 2 rings when building the frame. Gross length adjustment may also be useful during fracture reduction.

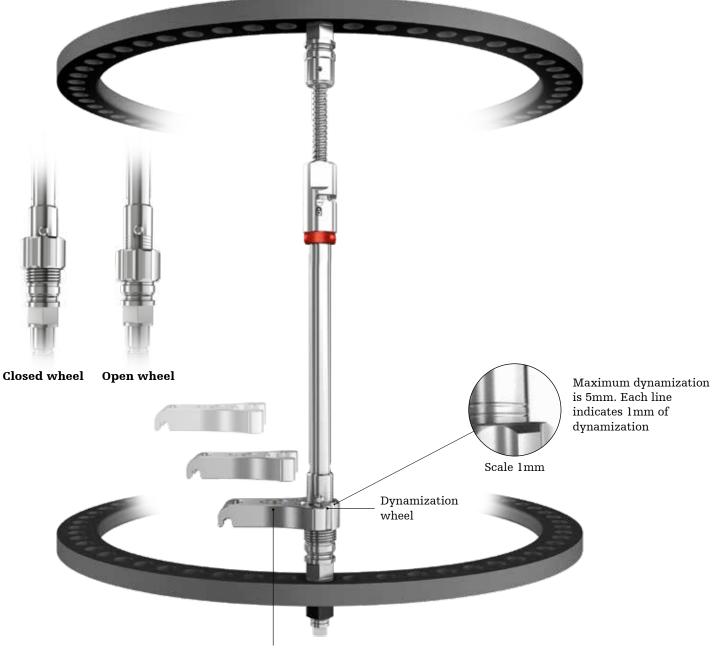






#### **Telescopic struts: dynamization**

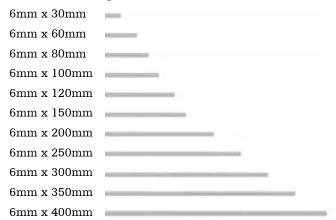
Dynamization may be initiated postoperatively during early stages of bone healing and after early callus formation as assessed radiographically. Struts can be gradually dynamized as determined by the clinician. Dynamization is achieved by turning the dynamization wheel on the telescopic strut using wrench (4933-9-207). Each line on the strut corresponds to one additional millimeter of dynamization. While using dynamization, patients should exercise extra caution when engaging in extraneous physical activities. A maximum of 5mm of dynamization may be achieved with these struts.



Use open end on telescopic strut wrench (4933-9-207) on wheel (not on pin) to adjust dynamization

#### Threaded rods

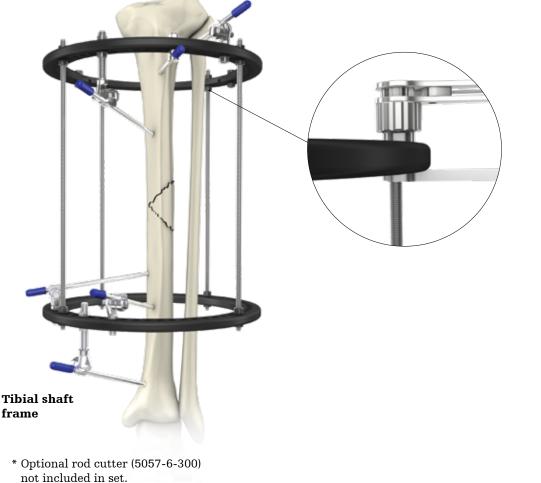
The Hoffmann LRF System includes threaded rods in the following sizes\*:



LRF threaded rods are attached to rings using the ring/threaded rod connecting M6 nut 4933-1-701.



Proximal tibial (plateau)



#### Hinge couplings

- The LRF hinge couplings can be connected to threaded rods to create a wide range of simple hinged assemblies
- Pre-assembled hinge coupling can be locked for static frame applications
- Constrained, offering motion in a single plane

Frame example: hinge coupling used to reinforce foot and ankle frame by connecting foot arch to tibial ring.

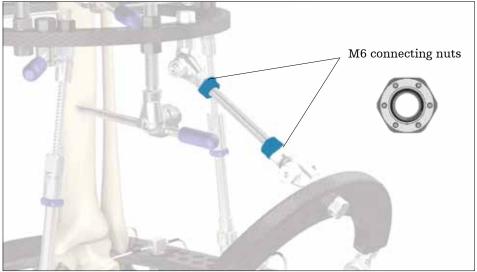
#### 

It is recommended that hinge couplings are reinforced with M6 connecting nuts when attaching to threaded rods.

#### NOTICE

Hinge couplings are attached to rings using ring connection bolt (4933-1-702).







#### NOTICE

When building a static connection between tibial ring and foot arch, confirm that self-locking nuts on hinge couplings are locked tight.



#### **Static struts**

The Hoffmann LRF System includes static struts that can be used to stack rings. The static struts are available in the following sizes:

Extra short 20mm	10
Short 30mm	1
Medium 40mm	<u> </u>
Long 60mm	



Static struts are connected to rings using connection bolt (4933-1-702)



Ø8mm static struts designed to accommodate Hoffmann II and Hoffmann 3 couplings for additional fixation options

### Key instruments

## Fixation components wrenches



Wire bolt wrench (4933-9-201) with built-in counter-torque for tightening wire bolts

Designed to protect the surgeon's hand from the wire



#### **Thumbwheel for ratchet wrench** (4933-9-203) for provisional tightening. Can be used in conjunction with ratchet wrench.



Ratchet wrench (4933-9-202) for quick bolt tightening. Flip over for loosening or tightening.

#### NOTICE

Ratchet and wire bolt wrench may be used in a one-handed procedure.

## Key instruments

#### Wire tensioner

Wire tensioner (4933-9-100) with modular counter-torque nose for tightening assistance

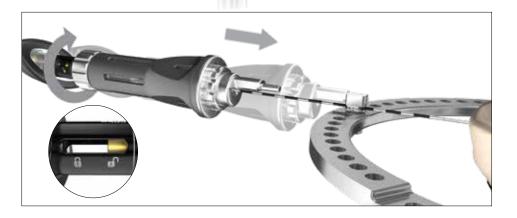
Before introducing wire into tensioner, ensure that gold indicator is on open padlock side (counterclockwise turn of black handle)

Turn black handle clockwise to tension wire to the desired level. There are three rings on the shaft of the black handle corresponding to 50kg, 90kg, and 130kg. When the ring submerges into the barrel, the wire has been tensioned to the corresponding level. Once appropriate tension level is achieved, connecting nut is tightened with the appropriate wrench.

Once wire-bolt is definitively tightened on wire, the tensioner is removed off the wire by rotating the black handle counterclockwise until the gold indicator is in the open padlock position.

#### NOTICE

Do not trim excess wire until tensioning is complete. If the tensioner does not bite the wire during tensioning, repeat the procedure: Turn black tensioner handle counterclockwise until gold indicator is in the open padlock position. Proceed with clockwise turns to engage wire until tensioned to desired level. Wrench (5150-9-125) to connect wire tensioner nose to wire tensioner Wire tensioner nose, short (4933-9-110) or wire tensioner nose, long (4933-9-111)









## Key instruments

#### **Recommended tension levels**

#### **50kg Tension**



• Wire bolt offset adaptor, long (4933-1-005) used with wire bolt short (4933-1-001)

90kg Tension



- Wire bolt offset adaptor, short (4933-1-005) used with wire bolt short (4933-1-001)
- Wires used on foot rings

130kg Tension



- Wire bolt, short (4933-1-001)
- Wire bolt, medium (4933-1-002)
- Wire bolt, long (4933-1-003)

#### Wire tensioner disassembly / assembly & lubrication



Align yellow indicator with unlocked padlock symbol



Using wrench (5150-9-125) remove wire tensioner nose



Using wrench (5150-9-125) remove wire tensioner wheel



After removing the inner cylinder from the tensioner barrel, apply lubrication to moving parts. Lubrication should be performed before sterilization at least after every 5 surgeries



Align pin and groove to reintroduce the inner cylinder to the tensioner barrel



Using wrench (5150-9-125) attach wire tensioner wheel

Hoffmann LRF Circular External Fixation | Operative technique

## operative technique

## Operative technique

#### **Sleeve system**

1. When templating apex pin placement off of rings, identify proper hole and introduce apex pin bolt.

#### NOTICE

Apex pin bolts and apex pin adaptors are attached to rings with M8 connecting nuts.

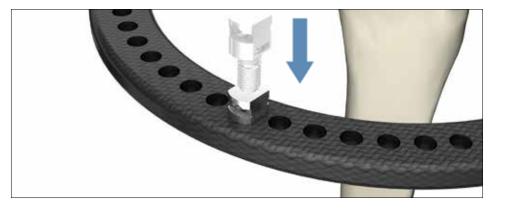
2. Select the sleeve assembly that corresponds to the diameter apex pin being inserted and introduce into the apex pin bolt.

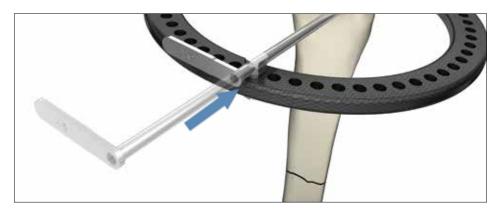
#### 

The sleeve assemblies include sizes to accommodate 3, 4, 5, and 6mm apex pins.

Do not over-tighten pin bolt around sleeve assembly as this may deform the soft tissue sleeve. Utilize thumbwheels to provisionally capture sleeve assembly in pin bolt.

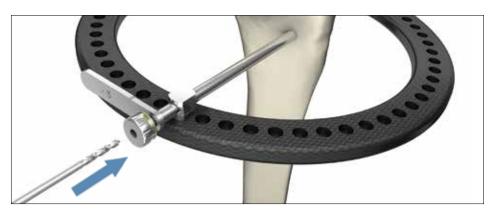
- 3. Impact trocar to create dimple in cortical wall. If self-drilling apex pins are used, the trocar is removed and the appropriately sized apex pin inserted through the soft tissue sleeve.
- 4. When using blunt apex pins, pre-drilling is necessary. After impacting and removing trocar, introduce drill sleeve into soft tissue sleeve in preparation for drilling.







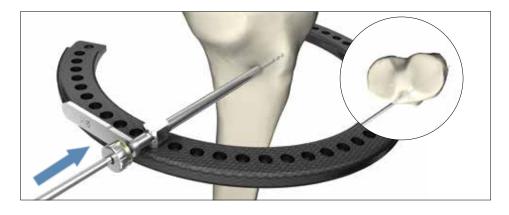


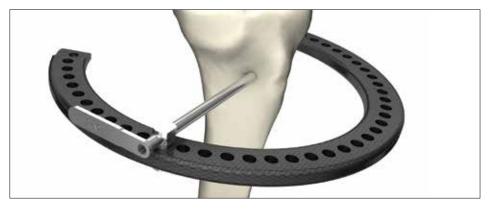


## Operative technique

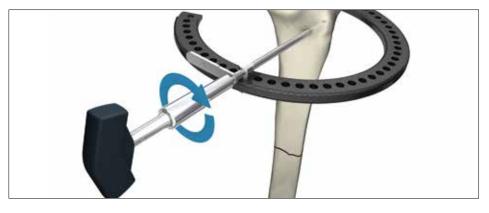
#### Sleeve system

5. Drill to desired depth and remove drill and drill sleeve from the soft tissue sleeve.





6. Insert apex pin through soft tissue sleeve and advance to the desired position.

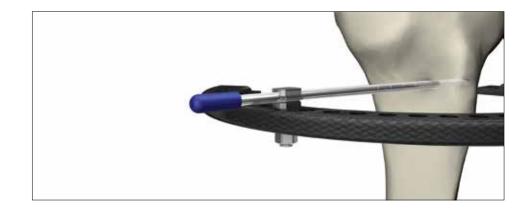


7. Once proper apex pin placement is achieved, loosen connection nut on apex pin bolt and remove the soft tissue sleeve.



## Operative technique

#### Sleeve system



8. Utilize counter-torque instrumentation to minimize pin bolt rotation during final tightening.



Hoffmann LRF Circular External Fixation | Operative technique

# examples

## Static foot & ankle frame example

It is recommended to insert a minimum of 3 points of fixation per circular ring and a minimum of 4 points of fixation per foot ring. If only wires are used on a fixation block then 4 wires are recommended. A minimum of 4 struts is recommended for this application.

#### WARNING

To ensure sufficient construct stability, it is recommended that the tibial ring and foot arch are reinforced with supplemental fixation. Shown: distal tibial ring and foot arch bridged with hinged couplings and threaded rod.

#### WARNING

In certain incidences, supplemental fixation should be considered (i.e. obese patients or patients that are ambulatory in the early postoperative phase). Construct design and weight bearing protocols are always to the surgeon's discretion.

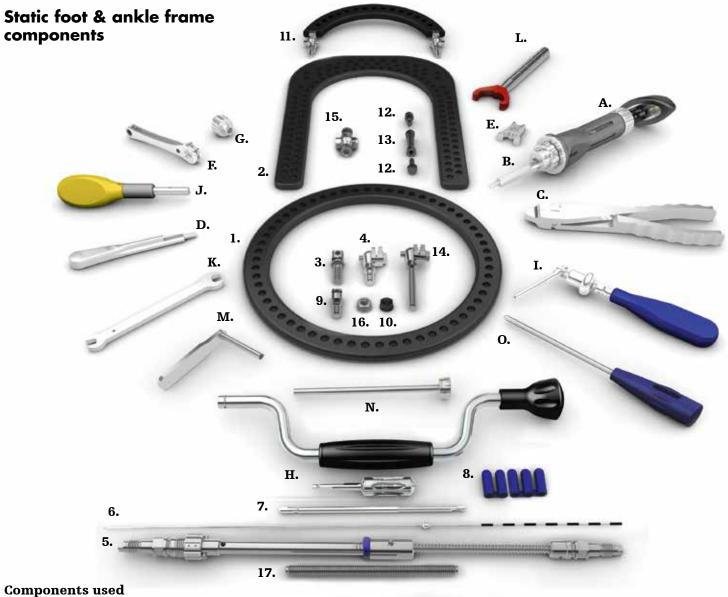


#### 

- Confirm all nuts and connections are tightened upon completion of frame
- Confirm all quick release mechanisms and ball joints on struts are in locked position

#### 

The wires should be curled or cut short to prevent skin injury.



- 1.2 x Full ring
- **2.** 1 x Foot ring, long
- **3.** 10 x Wire bolt
- **5.**  $4 \ge 100$  x Telescopic strut
- 6.5 x Wire with olive

#### Instruments used

- A. Wire tensioner
- **B.** Wire tensioner nose, long
- **C.** Wire cutting and bending pliers
- $\mathbf{D}.$  Wire bolt wrench
- ${\bf E}.$  Telescopic strut wrench

- 7. 6 x Apex half pin
- **8.** 6 x End cap
- **9.** 3 x Apex pin bolt, Ø3-6
- 10. 27 x M8 connecting nut
- 11. l x Foot arch
- **12.** 8 x Connecting bolt

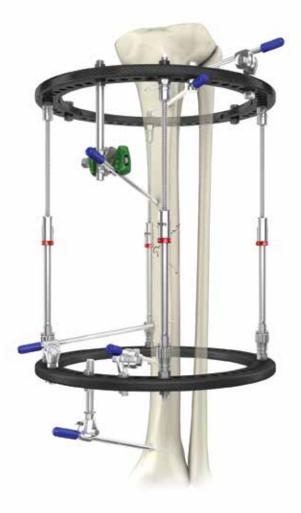
- **13.** 4 x Static strut
- 14. 1 x Apex pin adaptor, long
- **15.** 2 x Hinge coupling
- **16.** 2 x M6 connecting nut
- 17. 1 x Threaded rod

- **F.** Ratchet wrench
- ${\bf G}. \ \ \, {\rm Thumbwheel}$  for ratchet wrench
- ${\bf H}{\boldsymbol .}~$  Drill brace or universal chuck
- I. Split wire sleeve
- **J.** Pin driver

- K. Spanner wrench  $7/10\mathrm{mm}$
- L. Wrench (red)
- M. Soft tissue sleeve
- $\boldsymbol{N}.$  Drill sleeve
- **O.** Trocar

#### Tibial shaft frame example

It is recommended to insert a minimum of three fixation points per ring. Fixation points may be a combination of wires and/or pins. Fixation should be placed in a divergent fashion for increased stability. If only wires are used on a fixation block then 4 wires are recommended.

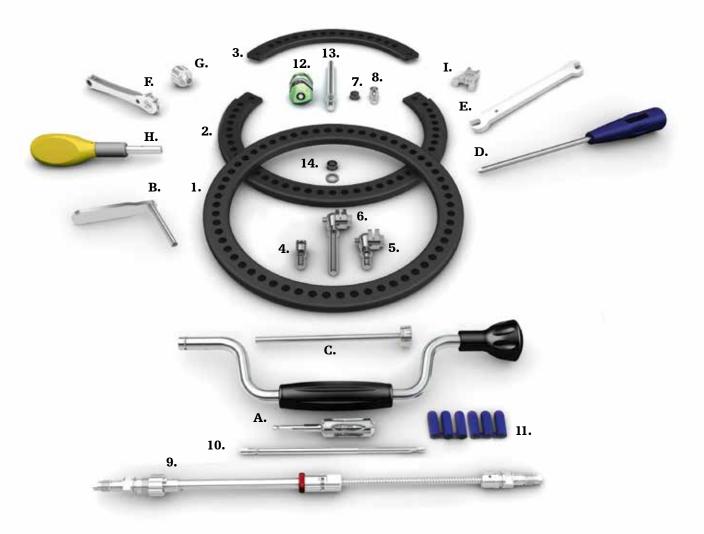




#### 

- Confirm all nuts and connections are tightened upon completion of frame
- Confirm all quick release mechanisms and ball joints on struts are in locked position

#### Tibial shaft frame components



#### **Components used**

- **1.** 1 x Full ring
- 2. 1 x Open ring
- 3. 1 x Ring segment
- **4.** l x Apex pin bolt, Ø3-6
- **5.** 3 x Apex pin adaptor, short
- 6. 1 x Apex pin adaptor, long

#### Instruments used

- A. Drill brace or universal chuck
- ${\bf B.}$  Soft tissue sleeve
- **C.** Drill sleeve
- $\mathbf{D}$ . Trocar
- E. Spanner wrench 7/10mm

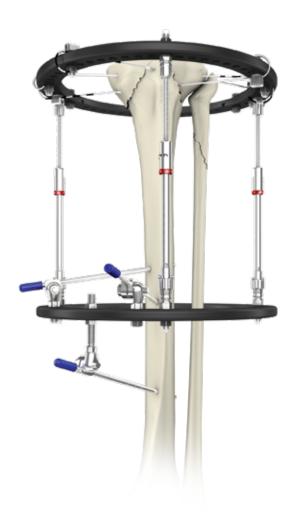
- 7. 2 x M6 connecting nut
- **8.** 2 x Ring connecting bolt
- 9. 4 x Telescopic strut
- **10.** 6 x Apex pin
- **11.** 6 x End cap
- 12. 2 x Hoffmann 3 coupling

- 13. l x Post, long
- 14. 15 x M8 connecting nut

- **F.** Ratchet wrench
- **G.** Thumbwheel for ratchet wrench
- ${\bf H.}~{\rm Pin}~{\rm driver}$
- ${\bf I}_{\bullet}$  Telescopic strut wrench

## Proximal tibial (plateau) frame example

It is recommended to insert a minimum of three fixation points per ring. Fixation points may be a combination of wires and/or pins. Fixation should be placed in a divergent fashion for increased stability. If only wires are used on a fixation block then 4 wires are recommended.



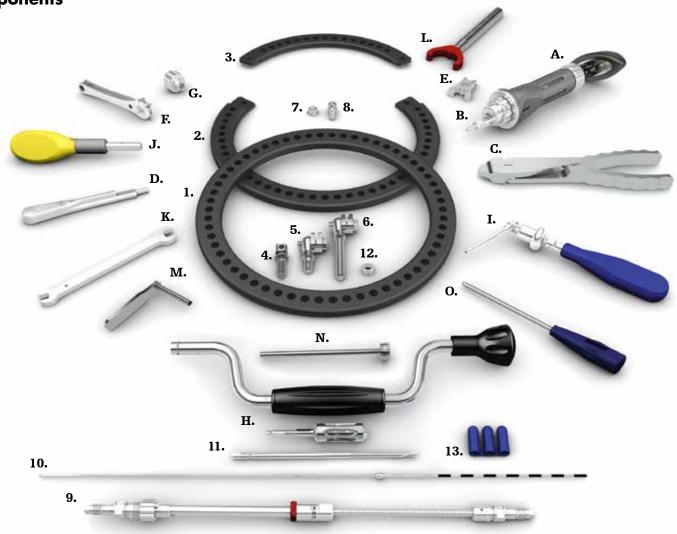


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- Confirm all nuts and connections are tightened upon completion of frame
- Confirm all quick release mechanisms and ball joints on struts are in locked position

The wires should be curled or cut short to prevent skin injury.

## Proximal tibial frame components



#### **Components used**

- **1.** l x Full ring
- 2. 1 x Open ring
- **3.** 1 x Ring segment
- **4.** 6 x Wire bolt
- **5.**  $2 \ge 2 \ge 100$  x Apex pin adaptor, short

#### Instruments used

- A. Wire tensioner
- **B.** Wire tensioner nose, short
- **C.** Wire cutting and bending pliers
- $\mathbf{D}. \mathbf{Wire}$  bolt wrench
- ${\bf E}{\boldsymbol .}$  Telescopic strut wrench

- 6. 1 x Apex pin adaptor, long
- **7.** 2 x M6 connecting nut
- 8. 2 x Connecting bolt
- 9. 3 x Telescopic strut
- 10. 3 x Wire with olive

- **11.** 3 x Apex half pin
- 12. 16 x M8 connecting nut
- **13.** 3 x End cap

- **F.** Ratchet wrench
- **G.** Thumbwheel for ratchet wrench
- **H.** Drill brace or universal chuck
- **I.** Split wire sleeve
- J. Pin driver

- K. Spanner wrench  $7\!/10\mathrm{mm}$
- L. Wrench (red)
- M. Soft tissue sleeve
- **N.** Drill sleeve
- **O.** Trocar

#### Distal tibial frame example

It is recommended to insert a minimum of three fixation points per ring. Fixation points may be a combination of wires and/or pins. Fixation should be placed in a divergent fashion for increased stability. If only wires are used on a fixation block then 4 wires are recommended.



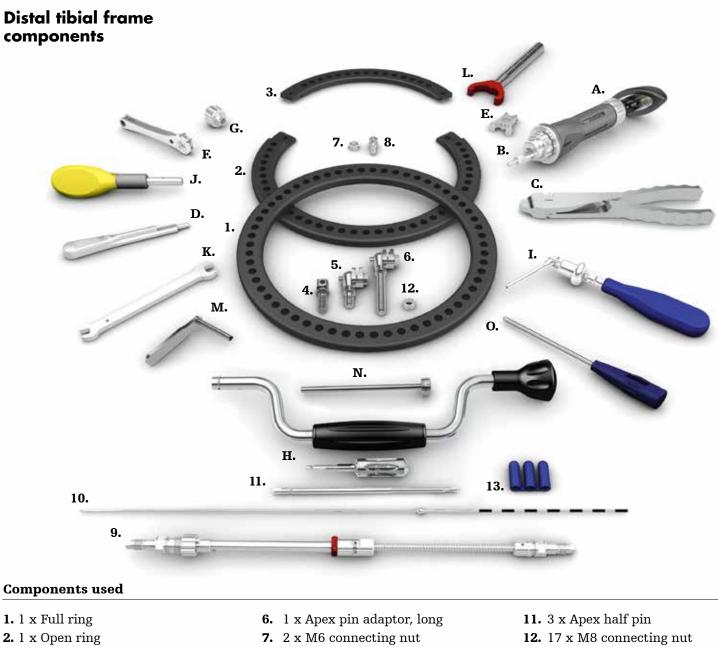


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- Confirm all nuts and connections are tightened upon completion of frame
- Confirm all quick release mechanisms and ball joints on struts are in locked position

#### 

The wires should be curled or cut short to prevent skin injury.



- **3.** 1 x Ring segment
- **4.** 6 x Wire bolt
- 5. 1 x Apex pin adaptor, short

#### Instruments used

- A. Wire tensioner
- **B.** Wire tensioner nose, short
- **C.** Wire cutting and bending pliers
- **D.**Wire bolt wrench
- E. Telescopic strut wrench

- 8. 2 x Connecting bolt
- 9. 3 x Telescopic strut
- **10.** 3 x Wire with olive

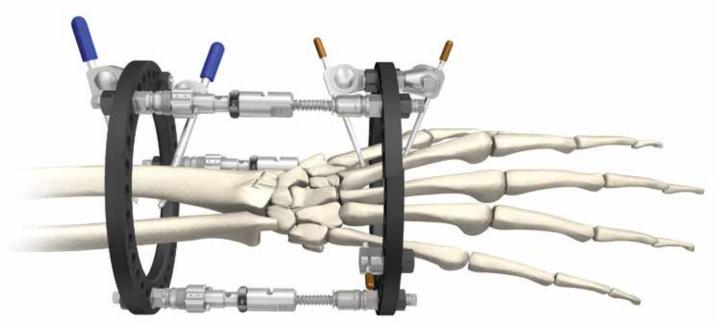
**13.** 3 x End cap

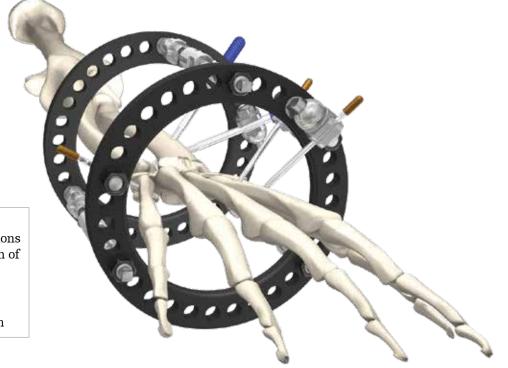
- **F.** Ratchet wrench
- **G.** Thumbwheel for ratchet wrench
- **H.** Drill brace or universal chuck
- **I.** Split wire sleeve
- **J.** Pin driver

- **K.** Spanner wrench 7/10mm
- **L.** Wrench (red)
- **M.** Soft tissue sleeve
- **N.** Drill sleeve
- **O.** Trocar

## Distal radius frame example

It is recommended to insert a minimum of two to three fixation points per ring. Fixation points may be a combination of wires and/or pins. Fixation should be placed in the radius in a divergent fashion for increased stability.





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- Confirm all nuts and connections are tightened upon completion of frame
- Confirm all quick release mechanisms and ball joints on struts are in locked position

**Distal radius frame** 

## components C. D. E. B. I. G. 2. 7. 3. F. 6. 4.

#### **Components used**

- 1. 2 x Full ring
- 2. 1 x Apex pin bolt, short
- 3. 4 x Apex pin adaptor
- **4.** 3 x Telescopic strut

#### **Instruments used**

- A. Spanner wrench 7/10mm
- **B.** Ratchet wrench
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{C}}\xspace$  . Thumbwheel for ratchet wrench
- $\mathbf{D}_{\text{\bullet}}$  Telescopic strut wrench
- E. Pin driver

- **5.** 5 x Apex pin
- **6.** 5 x End cap
- 7. 11 x M8 connecting nut
- **F.** Drill brace or universal chuck
- **G.** Soft tissue sleeve
- **H.** Drill sleeve
- I. Trocar

## Notes:



Notes:	

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#### **Trauma & Extremities**

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